

Records Management for Local Government Agencies

RI Department of State | State Archives & Public Records Administration

Local Government Records Program



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ABOUT US

Nellie M. Gorbea
Secretary of State

The Rhode Island State Archives and Public Records Administration is part of the Division of Archives, Library, and Public Information within the Office of the Secretary of State. We are responsible for the following:

- The State Archives preserves and makes available for research Rhode Island's historical public records from 1638 present;
- The Public Records Administration provides records management assistance and storage services to state agencies; and
- We also provide advice on records management to Local Government.

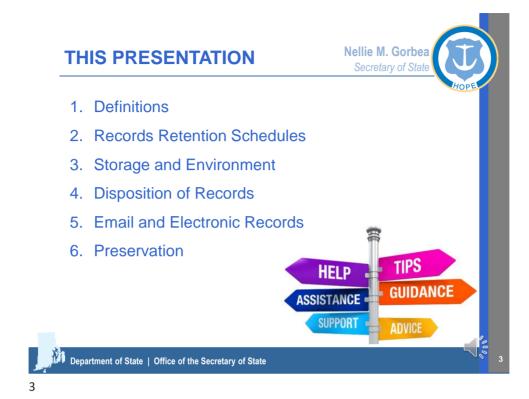
For reference view: R.I. Gen. Laws § 38-1, § 38-3, and 42-8.1



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IS IT A PUBLIC RECORD?

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The crucial factor in deciding whether a document is a public record depends on its function and contents, not the physical means used to create, send, and keep the document. (Reference: R.I. Gen. Laws § 38-1-1.1).

Questions to ask yourself:

- 1. Do the contents concern public business?
- 2. Does it serve a public function?
- 3. Whose office is it from?



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Public Records can be any media and come in many forms, such as:

Correspondence [paper, email, text documents]	Spreadsheets	Plans and blueprints
Maps/GIS	Textual documents	Web content, blogs
Work Calendars	Diagrams, drawings, pictorial and graphic works	Photographs and film
Sound recordings	Databases	Video recordings













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WHAT IS AN ESSENTIAL RECORD?



- COOP and disaster plans (ri.dplan.org)
- · Land titles and deeds
- Leases
- Payroll
- Tax records
- Insurance policies
- Historical documents

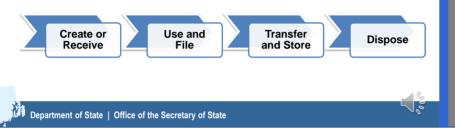


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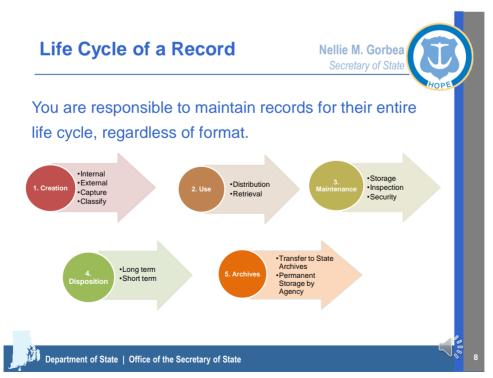
WHAT IS RECORDS MANAGEMENT?



- Management of records and information that support the short-term business and long-term interests of an organization;
- 2. Classification, filing, storage, retention and disposition policies (preserve or destroy); and
- 3. The care of records for their entire life cycle.



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WHY RECORDS MANAGEMENT?



We manage Public Records because they:

- Provide documentary evidence of all agency business activities;
- Enhance **government transparency**, responsiveness, and public trust;
- Ensure continuity of government operations, recovery from disasters;
- Protect state and citizen rights and interests;
- Promote better grounded agency decision making;
 and
- Preserve institutional memory.



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WHAT IS YOUR ROLE AND YOUR TEAM'S ROLE?



Agencies bear responsibility for the establishment of records management programs and for the proper management of their records. You need to ensure that your team is knowledgeable about how to ...

- · Identify public records in all media for appropriate care;
- Organize/classify and file records in a consistent way across the agency so that you and your staff can retrieve them quickly when you, fellow workers, other agencies, or the public needs to consult them; and
- Maintain records in good order and condition so that they remain usable for as long as they need to be retained.



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OUTCOMES OF <u>POOR</u> RECORDS MANAGEMENT



- An inability to properly perform the core mission;
- · An inability to resume operations after a disaster;
- Legal penalties for failure to find and produce records;
- Public distrust due to inability to produce controversial or requested records; and
- Costs for remediation of damaged records that have not yet met retention.



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OUTCOMES OF GOOD RECORDS MANAGEMENT



- · Ability to properly perform the core mission;
- Effectively retrieve and dispose records;
- Ensure regulatory compliance;
- Safeguard important information;
- · Cut costs and save time and effort;
- Better management decision making;
- · Preserve agency knowledge; and
- Control the generation and growth of records.



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WHAT IS A RETENTION **SCHEDULE?**



What is a Retention Schedule?

A document establishing the official retention, maintenance, and disposal requirements for a series or type of record based on administrative, legal, fiscal, and historical values for the scheduled records.

(Reference R.I. Gen. Laws § 38-3-2)





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WHAT IS A RETENTION **SCHEDULE?**



Municipal Departments Records Retention Schedules (LG)

Records Schedules specific to Local Government Departments.

Agency Specific Schedules

· Agency-specific schedules govern the retention and disposition of records unique to a particular state agency's programs and functions.

General Schedules (GRS)

• General Records Schedules cover the types of records created or received by all state and local government agencies.

Current Schedules

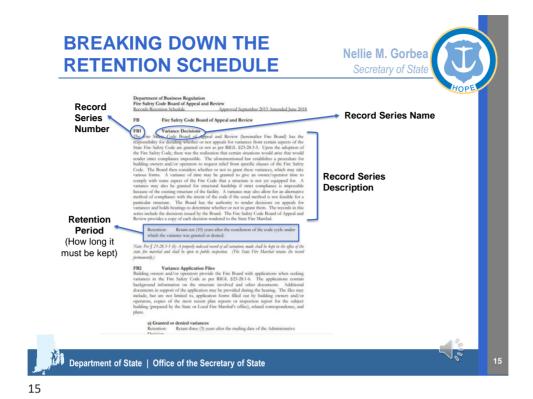
· Approved schedules can be accessed online, at http://sos.ri.gov/divisions/frequent-filers/records-management





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CREATION OF A RETENTION SCHEDULE

State Archives drafts the Schedule based on Agency information

Draft Schedules are sent to Agency for comment

Proposed Schedule is submitted to RIAG and RIAOG for approval

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DESIGNATING STORAGE

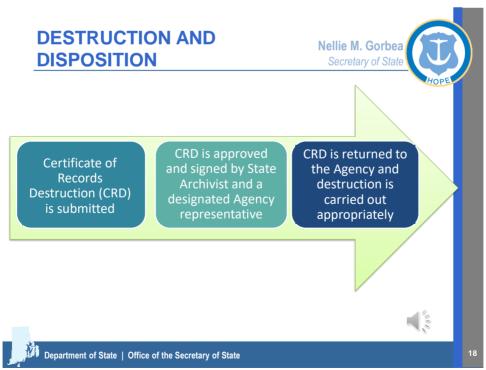
- Make it secure locked, fire/water alarms;
- Keep it dry not near water or sewer pipes;
- Maintain a pest-free, contaminant free environment; and
- Prohibit storage of non-record materials.





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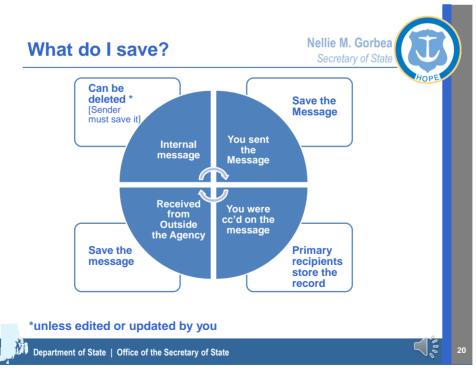
WHAT ARE ELECTRONIC RECORDS?

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- · Electronic Mail;
- · Digitized (scanned records);
- Word processed documents;
- · Database management systems; and
- · Web-based pages.



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Organizing Your Mailbox



Imagine people need to find your information quickly

- · Determine the category of the record.
- · Think in terms of file folders with names or titles.
- · Your Agency Records Control Schedule is your best guide.

Organizing means Naming + Classifying + Filing

- Save the entire email with all header/footer information and all previous messages in the thread.
- Save all associated attachments (unless they are completely irrelevant to the message).
- Apply your organization's file naming conventions (if available) or use meaningful file names when saving email.



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File Naming Guidance



- · Keep file names short, but meaningful.
- · Use only alpha-numeric characters.
- Do not use spaces.
- · Put the most important information first.
- · Include dates and format them consistently.
- · Include a version number.
- · Use leading zeros when using sequential numbering.
- Don't overwrite file extensions.
- · Be consistent.





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Email Best Practices



- Limit the email to one main topic to ensure accuracy in filing/classifying the message, when possible.
- Use meaningful subject lines that reflect the content of the email message.
- Use meaningful and descriptive titles on email attachments.
- Be careful with personal comments and opinions they will become part of the record.



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DIGITIZING PUBLIC RECORDS Nellie M. Gorbea

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Considerations: What is your preservation plan? What will be the strategy to maintain the records in electronic format? How will you convert or migrate the records?

Step 2: Determine the "official" copy of the record

Considerations: R.I. Gen. Laws Chapter 42-127.1 – Uniform Electronic Transactions Act.

Step 3: Identify scanning requirements based on record retention

Consult the regulation and standards.

A Digital Preservation Plan is required for records with a retention of 10+ years.

The Key: You must be able to support and provide access to records for the entire lifecycle.



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In Review



- Records Management Accountability Establish accountability
 for the identification and safekeeping of all agency public records in
 order to adequately document or provide evidence of agency activities.
- Public Records All Media Know that the content and function, <u>not the medium</u>, determine whether a document is a public record. Public records may exist in any format.
- Records Retention Schedules Understand that identifying and codifying classes of non-permanent and permanent agency records lies at the heart of effective information/records management.
- **Timely Disposal -** Attend to the timely disposal of eligible nonpermanent records
- Records Preservation Develop appropriate safeguards, preservation policies, strategies, and procedures for long-term and permanent records and information.



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Rules of Thumb



- 5% of records are considered essential records
- The first time you apply retention schedules can be time consuming.
- Generally, 33% of records are eligible for immediate disposal.
- After that, records eligible for destruction per the approved schedules and regardless of media type, should be destroyed on an annual basis (CY or FY).
- Generally, 3-5% of records have permanent historical value.



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